Defense Contract Management Command



On Time Strategies for the "End to End" Procurement Process

Florida I.S. Conference

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Delivery & Schedule Management Briefing Topics

- New Delivery One Book Chapter
- Influencing supplier performance
- Importance of data integrity
 Strategy for influencing supplier performance

Delivery & Schedule Management New One Book Chapter

- Focus shift from "identifying" to "influencing"
- Incorporates risk based approach
- Supplier vs contract surveillance
- Methods of influencing supplier performance

D & S Management One Book Policy Shift In Focus

- From (DLAM 8300.1): "The basic objective of production surveillance is to provide buying activities with critical knowledge concerning progress."
 - To (One Book Chapter 5.1): "Surveillance shall not be reduced to only transmitting data to buying activities without engaging in supplier delivery performance improvement efforts"

Policy Risk Based Approach

- Evaluate Likelihood and Consequence of Late Delivery
 - Likelihood Provided by past on-time performance, mitigated by changes to contract environment.
 - Consequence Evaluate what is the impact to customer if item is late.
- Assign delivery risk rating based on likelihood and consequence parameters.

How do we Influence Supplier Performance?

- Formally requesting corrective action
- Escalate to management councils
- Identify root causes through process analysis
- Seek consideration
- Maintain accurate historical performance data

Delivery & Schedule Management Briefing Topics

- New One Book Chapter
- Influencing supplier performance
 - Delinquency Reduction Strategy
- Importance of data integrity

Delinquency Reduction Strategy

- If you want to minimize time spent:
 - Issuing delay notices
 - Responding to customer support requests (CPSS)
 - Chasing outstanding delinquencies

WORK TO IMPROVE ON-TIME DELIVERIES

Delinquency Reduction Strategy Steps

- Pareto top delinquent suppliers
- Validate data
- Assemble team
- Request corrective action/management council.
- Identify root causes/processes
- Work to eliminate root causes

Delinquency Reduction Strategy Step 1: Pareto Top Suppliers



ON TIME DELIVERY RATE (METRIC 3.7.1) Summary

FY 99 BUSINESS PLAN TASK 1.1.2

Report Totals

Start Date: 2000-01-01

823

Schedules Delinquent:

On Time Rate: 40.83% Page 1

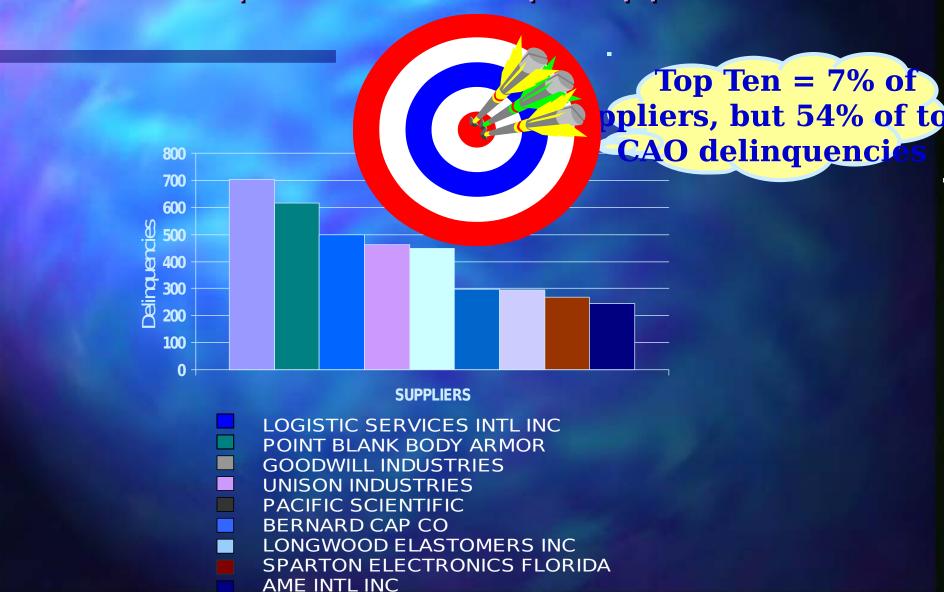
End Date: 2000-01-31

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Date: 02/04/2000

	CAO Description	Schedules Due	Schedules Delinquent	On Time Rate
9\$850	LOGISTIC SERVICES INTL INC	155	131	15.48%
62283	POINT BLANK BODY ARMOR INC	34	34	0.00%
3Z771	GOODWILL INDUSTRIES	38	30	21.05%
59501	UNISON INDUSTRIES INC	44	16	63.64%
1B1H6	PACIFIC SCIENTIFIC CO	11	11	0.00%
63954	BERNARD CAP CO INC	34	10	70.59%
6T589	LONGWOOD ELASTOMERS INC	13	10	23.08%
7A529	SPARTON ELECTRONICS FLORIDA	11	10	9.09%
0W8V2	AME INTL INC	14	9	35.71%
57282	CERTIFIED SLINGS INC	9	9	0.00%

Delinquency Reduction Strategy Step 1: Pareto Top Suppliers



Delinquency Reduction Strategy Step 2: Validate the Data

Data Integrity... Is it worth it?





- Work load intensive (initially anyway), takes away from on-site activities.
- Once reliable, maintenance time will be reduced.



- Adds to efficiency of delivery surveillance activities
- Ensures buying activities are getting accurate data.
- Data is key input to risk assessment
- Provides predictive indicators of supplier performance
- Allows for measurement of DCMC influencing efforts.

Delinquency Reduction Strategy Step 2: Validate the Data

Why the Push to Clean Up

- MOCAS 2222 Can t do delivery surveillance efficiently
- Can't do resource evaluations
- Can't develop contractor rating systems
- Buying activities ARE accessing performance data.
- SPS Transition
- Data Integrity... Is it worth it?

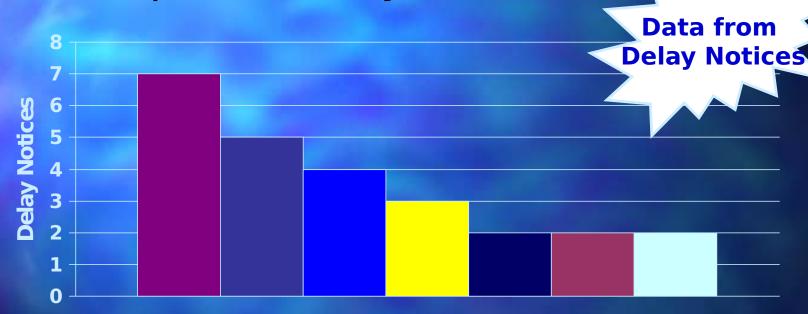
Strategy Step 3: Assemble the Team

- Local I.S./CAO I.S.
- SFA
- PT/CMA
- Buying Activity
- Industrial Engineer
- ACO/CA

Strategy Step 4: Request Corrective Action

- Puts suppliers on notice
- Write against production planning and control system
- Results in suppliers (not us) identifying causes/resolving issues
- (ACO) to address to higher management if necessary
- Request to identify root cause/processes

Delinquency Reduction Strategy Step 5: Identify Root Causes

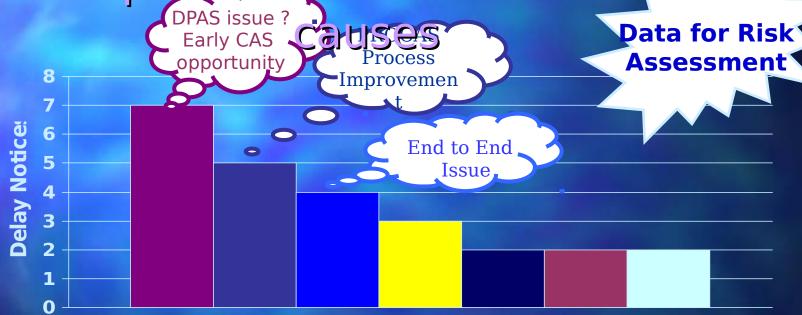


Mandatory Delay Code Entry Requirement

ROOT CAUSE CODES

- Production shop overload
- Specification, drawings, or tech data inadequate
 - Planning, unrealistic delivery schedule
- Production process inadequate
- Vendor/subcontractor problem, shop overload
- Vendor/subcontractor problem, material furnished rejected
- Design and engineering problem, part number feasibility

Delinquency Reduction Strategy Step 5: Work to eliminate root



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Delivery Management What's in the Future?

- Contractor Alert List
- Updated queries/metrics
- Incorporation of Industrial/Manufacturing Engineer policy
- Supplier profiles

DCMC Delivery Performance

